

Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

Preamble

A conference on the "Roadmap to Renew the Dismantling Process of 30 June 1989 Regime" was convened in the Capital Khartoum during the period 9 - 12 January; this is one of the five issues identified in the Framework Agreement signed on 5 December 2022 with the aim to achieve a fair and comprehensive final political agreement.

The conference aimed at reaching a roadmap that includes legislation, policies, mechanisms, aspects, composition, criteria, rules, and procedures" pertinent to the dismantling process of the 30 June 1989 regime, based on the evaluation of the previous experience and committing to international standards, rule of law and respect of fundamental human rights.

The conference was organized by forces signatory to the Framework Agreement and facilitated by the Trilateral Mechanism – IGAD, AU and UNITAMS – with broad participation and considerable representation of political, civil, professional, and social components of the December Revolution. The conference included 350 male and female participants; forces signatory to the Framework Agreement were represented by at least 40%, while the largest section of male and female participants – more than 60% were from the various forces of the Glorious December Revolution as well as stakeholders; Sudanese women had a fair representation, and their representation was the most distinctive, not only due to fulfilling the percentage of fair representation in the conference, working groups and the Drafting Committee, but also due to their qualitative contribution in the conference's recommendations.

Participation in the conference from non-signatories to the Framework Agreement included representatives of the committee on dismantling the 30 June 1989 regime, resistance committees and a number of political parties that did



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

not sign the Framework Agreement, civil society, representatives of trade unions, steering committees, representatives of the judiciary, university professors, jurists, representatives of regular forces, the private sector, representatives of youth and women's groups, persons with disabilities, religious and community leaders, in addition to an estimated number of writers, thinkers, public opinion makers and innovators.

The participants have engaged in the conference during the four days through eight open sessions in addition to six working groups; the general conference sessions discussed papers on: corruption and empowerment across three decades; political dimensions of the dismantling process of the National Congress regime; the experience of the Committee on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime; Media, communication and engagement of citizens in the dismantling process; the governing legal framework of the dismantling process of the 30 June 1989 regime; international standards, governing principles and options of dismantling processes; African experiences in the dismantling the legacy of dictatorship regimes; and dealing with corruption and recovery of stolen assets and funds. The six working groups addressed more specialized and professional topics related to dismantling processes, as conference participants have addressed the following through their working groups:

- 1- Criteria, principles, and outcomes of the dismantling process.
- **2-** Implementation mechanisms of the dismantling process, priorities, and objectives.
- **3-** Corruption and recovery of stolen assets and monies, domestically and abroad.
- **4-** Required action in litigation and appeals while enforcing the principles of the rule of law.
- 5- Dismantling in judicial institutions.
- 6- Role of the media and communication, and the participation of citizens in the



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

dismantling process.

The conference on the roadmap to renew the dismantling process of 30 June 1989 regime concluded with a package of general and specialized recommendations that were submitted to forces signatory to the Framework Agreement and other participating forces; together, they constituted a roadmap that would be included with the documents of the final political agreement, transitional constitutional arrangements, and the Law on Dismantling.

I. General Recommendations

- 1)The Committee shall commit in all its work to human rights and fundamental freedoms as well as rule of law and respect of human dignity.
- **2)** Assure judicial oversight over the dismantling process through a special review department inside the judiciary.
- **3)** The Dismantling Law shall be compatible with the Convention on Persons with Disability, especially in terms of procedural justice, affirmative discrimination, and disabled persons' rights; additionally, they shall be integrated in outreach and media programs, not only through targeted messaging, but also in all aspects of message design.
- **4)** Audit of all government assets, land titles registers, land sale and purchase contracts, and to recover them by law.
- **5)** Importance of engaging civil society, women groups, youth organizations, innovators, sports persons, and society figures in the process of outreach, changing behavior, and criminalization of corruption and empowerment.
- **6)** The expansion of the phenomenon of corruption requires the adoption of a clear approach, and an integrated strategy will all its value, intellectual, and cultural dimensions in combatting corruption and dismantling the system of the former regime.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- **7)** The need for international and regional technical support in accordance with international standards in combatting corruption and dismantling empowerment of 30 June regime.
- **8)** Emphasize that the task and competence of the dismantling of the former regime's elements within the regular forces must be included in the law on dismantling, in addition amendment to any laws pertaining to any regular forces, should include the process of removing National Congress elements from the regular forces, inside and outside regular institutions.
- **9)** Recommend that decisions on the security sector reform must include clear and unequivocal formulations that identify tasks, competencies, and mechanisms for the removal of elements of former regime from the regular forces.
- **10)** Underscore that the dismantling process requires professional knowledge that translates the demands of the Revolution; the democratic civilian forces shall provide the required political support to the dismantling process.

II. Criteria, Principles, Procedures and Outcomes of the Dismantling Process

- 1)Participants agreed on identifying criteria used to conduct institutional vetting of public sector workers, namely,
- a. Competency (academic qualification, specialty, experience).
- **b.** Integrity of the procedures for appointment in the service.
- **c.** Benefits received in comparison with the position level (travel, vehicles, scholarships, training opportunities, promotions, secondment).
- **d.** Integrity and Professionalism.
- **e.** Assuming leadership positions in the 30 June 1989 regime or its fronts or participating in wars and conflicts.
- **f.** Vetting priority shall be given to occupants of senior or sensitive positions in the public sector.
- g. Combining two positions.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- 2) Participants underscored that institutional vetting method shall be based on:
- a. Documents, testimonies of witnesses, material evidence, as well as reports and investigations of the security bodies.
- **b.** Utilizing financial and administrative audit reports.
- **c.** Institutional vetting reports in the employment file inside the institutions.
- **d.** Vetting must be conducted individually rather than collectively.
- **3)** Participants stressed that procedures for subjecting individuals working in the public sector to institutional vetting shall be based on regulations that identify applicable criteria for dismantling and removal of empowerment and elaborate procedural steps; and they shall take the following action:
- a.End of service.
- **b.** Transfer.
- c. Demotion.
- d. Elective retirement.
- **e.** Apply the law in cases of financial and administrative corruption and applying of legal texts included in any other law.
- **f.** The Committee shall take into consideration the specificity of vetted institutions in a manner that does not affect their activities.
- 4) Participants identified required criteria for those who work in dismantling:
- a. Sudanese citizen.
- **b.** Not engaged in another employment in the public or private sector.
- **c.** Not engaged in private commercial activities that may expose the person to a conflict of interest with his/her employment within the dismantling process.
- **d.** Believe in the goals of the Revolution, dismantling and civilian democratization.
- e. Qualification, competency, and integrity.
- **f.** Women shall be represented by no less than 40% with fair representation of geographic diversity and persons with disability, while taking into consideration the criteria of competence and integrity.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

III. Goals, Priorities, Mechanisms, Completion, and Follow-up of Dismantling

- 1)Participants ensured that the aims of dismantling are:
- **a.**Dismantling of the one-party state for the benefit of the homeland state and all Sudanese people.
- **b.** Pave the way for civilian democratization and bringing the transitional period into success until achieving free and fair elections.
- **c.** Improve economic and social situation by recovering assets stolen throughout thirty years, enacting legislations, developing policies, taking measures to prevent empowerment and abuse of power.
- **d.** Assist the establishment of a sovereign fund for the State to include recovered assets and funds.
- **2)** Participants identified the following sectors and institutions that are targeted for dismantling:
- **a.**Dismantling the empowerment of judicial system bodies and law enforcement mechanisms.
- **b.** Dismantling of companies linked to the empowerment of the former regime as well as corporations belonging to the security system of 30 June 1989 regime and their networks.
- **c.** Assets and corporations that have been incorporated into the military and security institutions after 11 April 2019 until now.
- **d.** Dismantling shall include lower levels of services institutions that have direct connection and communication with the people.
- **e.** Dismantling sovereign funds and units.
- **f.** Dismantling of empowerment inside the education sector, specifically at the administrative levels.
- **g.** Dismantling of empowerment inside localities and all levels of federal and local governance across Sudan.
- **h.** Dismantling of the empowerment of and audit of the Unified Collection Authority in the State of Khartoum.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

i.Abolition or amendment of legislations, laws or texts that are of an empowerment nature in the various institutions, which were used by the former regime for empowerment and that hinder the dismantling process.

- **j.** Remove empowerment of the former regime elements in the regular forces (Armed Forces, Rapid Support, Police, General Intelligence Service), in a clear manner, and avail all relevant information to the public.
- **3)** Participants agreed on the nature, dimensions, and mechanisms of dismantling, as per the following:
- **a.**The Dismantling Committee is a legal committee that is concerned with the dismantling of a political, economic, and social project of an extreme totalitarian regime.
- **b.** Executives at the federal and state levels shall be excluded from chairing specialized and state committees.
- **c.** The Committee shall undertake its work pursuant to the stipulations of its law and its subsequent amendments, as well as on related provisions contained in the Transitional Constitution.
- **d.** Sub-committees shall be established in the states and localities with similar structure to that of the national committee; and there shall be coordination between these levels.
- **e.** The Committee shall enjoy all powers and competencies to access information, including subpoena in all state and private sectors, including private and public corporations.
- **f.** Membership of the Dismantling Committee of a targeted institution may not include any of the workers in such institution.
- g. Dismantling processes shall continue beyond the transitional period.
- **h.** A replacement and substitution unit shall be formed inside the Council of Ministers service or selection commission to assist with replacing employees affected by the dismantling.
- **i.**Anyone who abstains, does not cooperate, evades, or obstructs the work of the Committee shall be considered in violation of the law.
- **j.** Provide personal protection to those who work in the dismantling committees as well as to their family members; and this shall be stipulated in law.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- **k.** The Committee shall be established through a decision by the Prime Minister; it shall be fully independent from all state bodies and institutions provided that shall be subject to oversight pursuant to its law.
- **I.** Provide financial and logistic support as well as necessary work equipment and remove all obstacles to the work of the dismantling mechanism.
- m. Form a mechanism for the implementation and follow-up to the decisions of all dismantling committees in all areas.

IV. Corruption and Restitution of Stolen Assets and Monies

- **1)**Conference participants called for combatting corruption, promoting transparency, and eliminating the empowerment of the party-state to the benefit of the homeland state, in accordance with the following interventions:
- **a.**The State shall adopt anti-corruption approaches and policies, and ensure integrity power structures, separation and independence of powers, noting that this aspect is no less important than anti-corruption bodies (such as the Committee on the Dismantling of the 30 June 1989 Regime).
- **b.** Amendment should be made to the Law on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime, such amendment should guarantee all fundamental rights and the stages of litigation and appeal, as well as take into consideration the foundations of justice and the no-impunity.
- **c.** Develop an anti-corruption strategy within the Anti-Corruption Commission in line with the dismantling of empowerment and the democratization process and effectuating the law on discharge procedures from government institutions and activate the law on "where did you get that from?", and the law on prohibited illicit enrichment and suspicious money.
- **d.** Adhere to the contents of international conventions on anti-corruption, especially those related to the extradition of criminals and recovery of the proceeds of corruption.
- e. Apply deterrent sanctions against those convicted of financial and administrative cor-



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

ruption offences.

- **f.** Work on filling the gaps of international prosecution, since when it comes to international anti-corruption, there must be no gaps enabling perpetrators of corruption to get away with their actions.
- 2) With regards to recovery of assets, participants underscored:
- **a.**Develop a structure for the committee on recovered assets to include job description and regulations provided that it does not start its work before its structure is approved.
- b. Prepare all requirements for the establishment and work of the holding company.
- **c.** The need to consolidate the work method inside the Committee on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime among state body employees, if any, and other revolutionaries, experts, legal professionals, in order for such differences not to hinder the of the Committee.
- **d.** Address all previous failures of the Committee on Evaluating Recovered Assets via addressing the adopted method in managing such assets, and its devolution to the holding company owned by the Government of Sudan, utilizing the decision issued by the Council of Ministers.
- **e.** Establish a fully-fledged handover department within the Committee immediately after the issuance of decisions, provided that it includes a public prosecutor, internal security bodies, administrative accountant, and an auditor it is necessary to exclude the media during the period of verifications, investigations, and recovery.
- **f.** The need to establish an administration for internally recovered assets via the establishment of a holding company to facilitate the disposing and management of internally recovered assets; it shall be affiliated with the Council of Ministers, and it shall be subject to the oversight and accountability of the Council of Ministers and the General Auditor Chambre; the tasks and terms of reference of the company as well as its terms of reference shall be elaborated along with its functional structure.
- **g.** Address the dysfunction in the method of receiving receipt by establishing the appropriate frameworks and with the systems, regulations, and legalization of the relation between the Committee and states.
- **h.** Fully secure and protect recovered assets, provided that the order is to enforce decisions of the Committee on Dismantling of the 30 June 1989 Regime with the help of the



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

regular forces, and restore the institutions seized by the regular and irregular forces.

i.Provision of adequate financial and logistical support for the recovered assets committee.

- **j.** Develop regulations that include all the details and elaborate mechanisms as well as Committee structure and selection method of its members; and address mechanisms before initiating procedures such as archiving and documentation.
- **k.** Address the structure of the Committee on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime, it shall be independent, its members shall not be holding constitutional positions, ministers, or governors, and utilize as much as possible qualified individuals from the revolution forces and Resistance Committees.
- **I.** Amend the law to include an accurate specification of powers, especially with regards to investigations in any circumstance; who shall have the right in the process of asset freezing and recovery; when will public prosecution have jurisdiction; and what criteria govern the work of the Committee.
- **m.** Provide a clear budget for the work of the Committee on Recovered Assets, and utilize reputable experts in all areas, especially legal experts.
- **n.** Support efforts of the Government of Sudan to recover assets and monies gained through illegal means, whether through corruption, theft, or money laundering, which were smuggled abroad through using international laws.
- **o.** Negotiate with an international institution with experience in recovery of illicitly y acquired assets outside Sudan.

V. Due Process, Appeals Processes, and Previous Dismantling Decisions

- 1)Participants underscored adoption of the following legal procedures:
- **a.**The Committee must retain its status as a legal committee since its legal nature is stipulated in transitional constitutional arrangements.
- **b.** The Committee is independent and has a legal personality.
- **c.** Procedural guarantees regarding the work of the Committee are derived from the law establishing it and subsequent amendments, which means that the Law on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime and Recovery of Public Monies with its subsequent amendments



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

of 2020 shall remain, provided that it includes all proposed amendments resulting from the recommendations of this Conference; it also means that should there be a need for a new law to be drafted to include all proposals and amendments concluded by the conference.

- **d.** Procedural assurances include that the law stipulates the establishment of a two-degrees review body or committee to appeal the work of the Committee at the federal and state levels; and that the second-degree decisions shall be binding and final. The text of Article 12 of the Dismantling Law on granting immunities to cooperators with the Committee shall remain, provided that the decision to request lifting the procedural immunity stipulated in any other laws does not exceed fifteen days, after which immunity shall be automatically lifted; and stipulate provision of protection for informers and witnesses.
- **e.** With regards to recovery of funds and assets, the Committee shall enjoy the same previous powers and authorities, with any subsequent amendments to be added to the recovery of illegally acquired funds and assets; such decisions shall be appealed before the review body.
- **f.** The transitional Prime Minister shall issue a decree to form the Committee and the appeal body.
- **g.** Stipulate procedural and substantive legal immunity for all working members of the Committee with regards to their actions and decisions during the performance of their duties.
- **h.** The Committee's finances and resources are independent and separate from any other government authority and shall be endorsed by the Prime Minister; there is a proposal to accept technical support from international and regional institution that support civil democratization in Sudan.
- i. Amend the Dismantling Law by including a section on definitions and explanation.
- **j.** Establish a special prosecutor's office for dismantling with one degree of appeal to provide procedural justice assurances.
- **k.** Form a special dismantling court with one degree of review whose decisions shall be binding and final; it shall consider criminal acts associated with acts of empowerment



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

and corruption and apply the principle of no-impunity and rule of law, while separating the process of recovery, dismantling, and prosecution; files shall be referred to the special court after the completion of the dismantling and recovery process.

- **I.** Allocate a police force from the Sudanese Police Forces to secure and protect the dismantling processes.
- m. Initiate a procedural law legislation to accompany the substantive law on dismantling.
- **n.** Expand and reformulate the text on dismantling actions in the Transitional Constitution in a manner that covers all key aspects.
- **o.** Exclude Ministry of Justice representatives as well as representatives of regular forces from the formation of the High Committee.
- 2) Participants stressed that the decisions appeals process:
- **a.**Shall include procedural assurances; the Dismantling Law shall include the establishment of a two-degree review body or committee to review the work of the Committee at the federal and state levels; the decisions of the second degree shall be binding and final.
- **b.** Membership of the review body shall be selected based on strict criteria in accordance with conditions of competency, integrity, high standard of professionalism, and honesty; it shall include legal experts and specialists in different areas addressed by the Committee.
- **c.** Members of the High Dismantling Committee as well as members of the review body shall be appointed by the same authority that issues the degree forming the Committee.
- **d.** Reasons for accepting a request to review decisions issued by the Committee shall be an error in the application, interpretation, or explanation of the Dismantling Law.
- **e.** Cancel decisions issued by the appeals and judicial chamber that abolished the decisions of the previous Dismantling Committee, with the exception of review decisions issued by the Committee itself, by including a clear and unequivocal text in the Dismantling Law to cancel such decisions, along with recovery of all funds and allocations that they received after their reinstatement.
- **f.** For more guarantees of justice, maintain the rights of the person against whom actions have been taken, he/she shall be allowed during the review period to utilize the principle of confronting the other party, present submissions, and being legally represented by lawyers and by being present in person.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

VI. Dismantling in Judicial Bodies

- 1)Participants underscored that judicial bodies (judiciary, public prosecution, Ministry of Justice) are the safety valve in the country; the risk of empowerment in the judicial bodies is that there will not be democratization unless with the dismantling of the empowerment of the dissolved National Congress and its networks in the judicial system, public prosecution, and Ministry of Justice.
- **2)** Participants agreed to establish special independent dismantling committees within judicial bodies in accordance with the following recommendations:
- **a.**The Committee on Dismantling the 30 June 1989 Regime shall be named inside judicial bodies (judicial, public prosecution, Ministry of Justice).
- **b.** Establish committees for each judicial institution.
- **c.** Each committee shall be established based on the Dismantling Law and endorsed by the Prime Minister based on a recommendation by the High Dismantling Committee; it shall work in accordance with the Dismantling Law and shall have its internal regulations that organize its work.
- **d.** Each committee shall be independent from the High Committee and judicial bodies in the performance of their tasks.
- **e.** The Committee shall submit its reports and recommendations to the High Dismantling Committee for endorsement.
- **f.** Each committee shall have its own headquarters whether inside or outside the institution, through which they carry out their work.
- **3)** Participants recommended that each committee is to be comprised of no less than nine persons and no more than fifteen persons, including dismissed or retired judges, public prosecutors, and advisors, as well as lawyers, youth, and civil society and some of the previous dismantling committee's membership. The Committee shall use whomever it deems suitable to assist in the dismantling work. The membership of the Committee shall be subject to vetting and scrutiny. The task of the Committee membership shall be a paid and



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

membership shall be on a fulltime basis.

- **4)** Participants identified the following membership criteria for the dismantling committees of judicial bodies:
- **a.**Commitment to the goals of the December Revolution, the Transitional Constitutional arrangements, and Framework Agreement signed on 5 December 2022, as well as faith in civilian democratization, change, and elimination of de-empowerment and dismantling.
- **b.** Known for their historic stands towards totalitarian regimes, especially the Salvation Regime since 30 June 1989.
- c. Skilled in broad range of communication with all key actors.
- **5)** Participants recommended that nomination and appointment are to be via a recommendation from the dismantlement committee to establish the committee in each judicial institution; the recommendation shall be submitted to the Prime Minister for endorsement and issuance of decision.
- **6)** The High Dismantling Committee may consult with legal committees of stakeholders with interest in dismantling and change with regards to nominations for the dismantling committees inside the judicial bodies (judiciary, public prosecution, Ministry of Justice).
- **7)** Judicial bodies committees shall have a budget to be funded by the Ministry of Finance and spent according to its plan; each committee shall be subject to audit by the auditor general.
- **8)** Participants recommend the following with regards to the Judiciary:
- **a.**Dismiss Supreme Court judges, and start recruitments and reappointments based on specific criteria by conducting interviews for applicants; priority shall be given to the judges of the dissolved Supreme Court; those who will be reappointed shall be considered to have an uninterrupted service.
- **b.** Delegate powers of the Supreme Court judges to the appeals judges until Supreme Court judges are appointed.
- **c.** Subject lower levels judges to vetting and scrutiny process in accordance with specific criteria; replacement and substitution process shall be gradual.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- **d.** Until the establishment of the High Judicial Council, there shall be full coordination with the Judicial Service Commission to work harmoniously with the Committee to ensure speedy replacement.
- **e.** Start a mapping of lawyers, judges, public prosecutors, and former advisors to prepare for filling any potential vacuum.
- **f.** Judicial institutions staff and workers shall undergo institutional vetting procedures for the aim of dismantling.
- **g.** Remove imbalances during replacements by supplying judicial bodies with suitable elements from the same marginalized groups, without prejudice to competency criteria.
- 9) Participants recommended the following with regards to public prosecution:
- **a.**Dismissals in the Public Prosecutor's Office at the level of public prosecution (chief prosecutors).
- **b.** Reappointment of senior positions in the public prosecution in accordance with specific criteria by interviewing applicants; priority shall be given to dissolved senior positions; those who will be reappointed shall be considered to have an uninterrupted service.
- **c.** Delegate the powers of chief prosecutors to highest deputy prosecutors until the appointment of new chief prosecutors.
- **d.** The vetting process shall be carried out for the lower levels of public prosecution; immediate replacements shall be prepared for those included in the dismantling.
- **e.** Start recruitments to fill the gaps, while taking into account appointment procedures that had started during the transitional period, with consideration to be given to qualitative justice and persons with disability.
- **10)** Participants recommended that same recommendations related to the Judiciary and public prosecution shall apply to the Ministry of Justice in terms of advisors, staff, and workers.
- **11)** Participants recommended the following with regards to ensuring the integrity of the dismantling process:
- **a.**Develop strict procedures to review documents; they must be presented to those who are intended to be dismantled in order to respond to them.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- **b.** Underscore the confidentiality of procedures; provide the concerned person with a reasoned decision after reading the decision to that person.
- **c.** Oral confrontation with the concerned person without publishing the reasoning.
- **d.** Underscore the confidentiality of procedures; however, the decision may be announced in any official [media] outlet and social media if the person subject of the decision or the Committee deems this necessary for substantive reasons.
- **12)** Participant recommended the need to approve an operational plan that includes:
- **a.**Identifying the expected goals and identifying required human resources and equipment, as well as the timeline to achieve the goals.
- **b.** Provision of required logistical equipment and budget.
- c. Independent financial resources to implement the plan.
- **d.** Allocation of police forces from the Sudanese Police Forces for the Committee to provide security and enforcement, along with provision of special training and qualification, as well as logistical support.
- **13)** Committees in judicial institutions shall be established via the sovereign authority because dismantling includes the Judiciary and regular forces.

VII. Media, Communication and Citizens' Engagement in the Dismantling Process

Participants in the process of media, communication and citizens' engagement in the dismantling process recommended:

- 1)Establishment of an integrated media Centre that draws policies, plans, and programs, and designs and implements content according to the targeted audience; it shall be provided with the required capacities and funding for its activities; an advisory council shall oversee it and it shall have branches in the states.
- **2)** Establish an information center for the Committee on Dismantling the 30 June Regime; it shall have a database, the tools to gather information and archive files, as well as the means to receive and maintain necessary documents and files.
- 3) Establish support network and media assistance for the Dismantling Committee,



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

which includes journalists, media professionals, innovators and press institutions that believe in the goals of the Committee and democratization.

- **4)** Dismantle empowerment structure in the official media apparatuses, and review ownership of media and press institutions linked to the former regime through consulting media professionals known for their integrity, competency, and credibility through a robust mechanism of media experts.
- **5)** Design media messages that target the international community, international organizations, international partners, and human rights defenders on issues related to the dismantling of 30 June regime, as well as the roles and work of the Dismantling Committee, and translate the media message into different languages.
- **6)** Develop plans and media programs in order to reach the public and specify journalistic and artistic templates used by the media of the Committee on Dismantling 30 June Regime, and design messages in local languages and dialects to convey the issues of dismantling.
- **7)** Consolidate media speech and identify an official spokesperson and speakers in the name of the Dismantling Committee.
- **8)** Develop a media plan on how to present information, decisions, and documents to the public via media outlets and mechanisms to ensure that they reach the public opinion as per legal procedures.
- **9)** Develop strong programs on how to achieve media goals of the Committee on Dismantling 30 June Regime through press, radio, and television interviews; design live interviews programs with the public; produce radio and TV programs and design the content carefully; follow-up information and how to publish them; and explain matters related to recovered assets and monies.
- **10)** Create newsletters, press publications prints, and a weekly magazine related to the news and activities of the Committee on Dismantling 30 June Regime.
- **11)** Design and update a website or an online newspaper for the Committee on Dismantling 30 June; optimal use of new media and social network platform (TikTok, Telegram, Instagram, Twitter); and design an application for the Dismantling Committee.



Friendship Hall Final Recommendations

- **12)** Optimal use of mass media to reach citizens and inform them of the dismantling and anti-corruption issues.
- **13)** Train and reinforcing the capacity of media personnel with regard to dismantling issues.
- **14)** Address local communities and native administrations through clear and direct messages on dismantling issues using attractive means.
- **15)** Develop an outreach plan for the Dismantling Committee in private and commercial media; and build media communication networks.
- **16)** Provide information and documents in a transparent and credible manner to journalists and media professionals in line with the Committee on Dismantling 30 June Regime's plan.
- **17)** Allocate means of communication for mass communication, to receive suggestions and complaints; and dedicate an e-mail in that regard.
- 18) Design public surveys and public opinion polls.
- **19)** Design media messages directed to persons with disability and engage them in the media work and the Committee on Dismantling 30 June 1989 Regime and Recovery of Public Funds.